## AUSTRALIAN COTTON SUSTAINABILITY UPDATE 2023



PLANET. PEOPLE. PADDOCK. is the Australian cotton industry's sustainability framework. It guides work to identify the environmental, social and economic topics assessed as being most important to industry and its stakeholders; coordinate a whole-of-industry strategy to manage these topics, and; engage with stakeholders on actions and progress.

PLANET. PEOPLE. PADDOCK. is not a compulsory standard or a brand. It provides a path for the entire industry to benefit from improving sustainability performance.

PLANET. PEOPLE. PADDOCK. is delivered by a Sustainability Working Group comprised of industry representatives from Cotton Australia, Cotton Research and Development Corporation, CottonInfo, myBMP and the Australian Cotton Shippers Association.



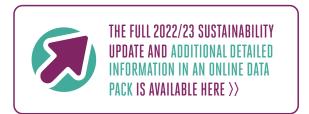






## 2022/2023 SUSTAINABILITY

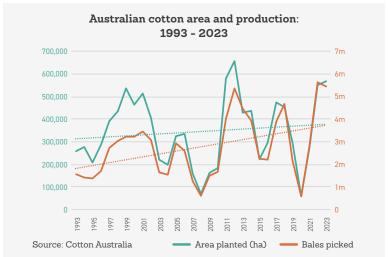
This snapshot provides a summary of the Australian cotton industry's sustainability progress for the 12 months to 30 June 2023 across its most important PLANET (environment), PEOPLE (social) and PADDOCK (economic) topics.



## 2022/2023 SEASON

As cotton is an annual crop, growers adjust the area of cotton they plant each year to reflect water availability.

Good seasonal conditions saw a large area planted and about 5.5 million bales picked valued at \$3.7 billion. Australian cotton growers have dramatically improved their productivity over time: the five-year average area planted to cotton has increased by just 19 per cent since 1994, but total production has increased by 94 per cent.



SDG KEY 2023 TAKEOUT Five-year Alignment 2023 Targeted Outcomes trend About 50% less water is used to grow a PLANET Increase water use efficiency bale of cotton compared to 1997 in most Water within sustainable river & seasons. In very wet (like 2022) or dry ground system limits seasons, that figure is closer to 40%. Previous year comparisons can't be Contribute to the Paris Greenhouse made due to new input data used to more Agreements' aim of a climate No trend data gas emissions accurately estimate emissions. Defining a neutral world low emission path is a current priority. Native vegetation An ambitious and collaborative project **Native** management on cotton to better manage and measure native farms contributes to regional vegetation on cotton farms continued to vegetation priorities progress. The hazard to bees (from insecticides) and Support optimal crop algae (from herbicides) has reduced by production while having no 91% and 60% respectively since 2004. Wet Pesticides negative impact on human & seasons have contributed to more herbicide environmental health use in recent years. Regenerative practices continue to be Sustained cotton productivity commonly used by growers. The cotton Soil Health No trend data growth by improving soil industry is collaborating with other sectors health on a consistent way to measure soil health. **PEOPLE** Keep farmers & core employees No trend data A new approach is being introduced to identify and measure the impact drivers Workplace No trend data Attract casuals & contractors of keeping and attracting people. Keep everyone NA safe & skilled Fatalities declined slightly but serious injuries increased. For the first time, NA research showed misinformation may be impacting grower wellbeing. NA

**PADDOCK** 

Productivity

Increase yield within sustainable environmental boundaries



rrigated 🛑



The yield gap between irrigated & dryland cotton continued to grow. This shows the key role of sustainably withdrawn water to deliver sustainable intensification.



Economic contribution

Resilient farms able to invest in their business & community





communities.

Irrigated cotton is very important to whole farm profitability and resilience, which in turn gives more stability to regional

